

RPHCM Corrections and updates to content or formatting

see: <https://remotephcmmanuals.com.au/corrections-and-practice-alerts.html>

June 2024

No	Protocol	Manual and page	Content	Clarification or correction
	Alcohol withdrawal Table 5.4 Modified Clinical Institute Withdrawal Assessment (CIWA)	STM 281	Multiple errors due to transposed formatting	Please see RPHCM website for a printout of corrected version of the table (can be cut out and glued over current table)
	Anaemia (weak blood) in children and youth Oral iron supplementation	STM 178	Iron doses throughout protocol	Clarification: Iron doses throughout protocol are expressed as elemental iron
	Antibiotic doses table Benzathine benzylpenicillin (Bicillin L-A)	STM 502 WBM 365	Benzathine benzylpenicillin for Chickenpox, Skin sores, Sore throat Note: Comment re paediatrician consult belongs in the RHD row	Correction: Benzathine benzylpenicillin for RHD For child less than 10kg paediatrician consult for secondary prophylaxis regimen
	Antibiotic doses table Pyrantel dose	STM 509 WBM 372	Pyrantel dose for 10yrs or 32kg patient 320mg or 3 sq or 3½ tab – 125mg (tablet dose incorrect)	Correction: Pyrantel dose for 10yrs or 32kg patient 320mg or 3 sq or 2½ tab – 125mg
	Assessing and reducing cardiovascular risk Table 4.5 HIGH cardiovascular risk (if one or more present)	STM 231	Diabetes <i>AND</i> kidney disease with urine ACR 5mg/mmol or more for males, 3.5mg/mmol or more for females	Correction: Diabetes <i>AND</i> kidney disease with urine ACR 2.5mg/mmol or more for males, 3.5mg/mmol or more for females
	Ear and hearing problems Otoscopy examination	STM 395	Do not syringe if any pain or any holes in ear drum	Correction: Do not syringe if painful
	Ear and hearing problems Chronic suppurative otitis media (CSOM)	STM 401	(DO) Clean until ear drum visible using tissue spears	Correction: (DO) Clean until ear drum visible using tissue spears or syringe with dilute betadine (1:20). Syringing should be done first if the pus is thick or if eardrum cannot be seen (adapted from 2020 OTITIS MEDIA guidelines for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Children)
	Early recognition of sepsis Obstetric REWS Table	STM 3 WBM 15	Obstetric REWS score of 3 for RR is 9 or less	Correction: Obstetric REWS score of 3 RR is 8 or less (Note: the versions in 'Printable resources' have been updated)
	Early recognition of sepsis STM Flowchart 1.1 WBM Flowchart 1.2	STM 7 WBM 19	Confusing detail in flowchart under the REWS score 3 or more box	Please see RPHCM website for a printout of the new version of the flowchart

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	Hypertension (High BP) Table 4.17: BP result and action if not already on a BP management plan	STM 259	Table 4.17 has incorrect cross references to Tables 4.1 and 4.20	All cross references to other tables should be to: <i>Table 4.18 Management of high BP by cardiovascular risk</i> (located below Table 4.17)
	Pain management (acute) Pain medicines - Paracetamol	STM 327	Double dose can be given at night — then no more for next 8 hours	Instruction applies to children only and should more specifically say: A single dose of 30mg/kg may be used for nighttime dosing
	Pain management (acute) Table 7.4 Acute pain relief (Adult)	STM 331	Intramuscular (IM) morphine doses not included in table.	Morphine doses IM <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Under 39 years <i>AND</i> over 50kg — 7.5–12.5mg • 40–59 years — 5–10mg • 60–69 years — 2.5–7.5mg • 70–85 years — 2.5–5mg • Over 85 years — 2–3mg • Every 2 hours as needed Please see RPHCM website for a printout of the doses which can be glued under Table 7.4
	Resuscitation reference table Amiodarone	STM 36 WBM 6	Undiluted <i>After</i> 3rd shock. Slow IV push <i>THEN</i> 20mL normal saline flush.	Correction: Undiluted <i>After</i> 3rd shock. Slow IV push <i>THEN</i> 20mL flush with glucose 5% OR sodium chloride 0.9%
	Worms Table 7.39 Worm treatment if positive faeces or serology test	STM 496	Threadworm or pin worm Pyrantel dose: Oral once a day for 3 days Repeat dose in 2 weeks	Pyrantel dose should be: Oral single dose Repeat dose in 2 weeks (see p509 for doses)

RPHCM Changes to practice

Changes in practice since the printing of the 2022 edition of the RPHCM

No	Protocol affected by change in practice	Manual and page	Content	Update
	STI management Gonorrhoea Geographical treatment areas for gonorrhoea have changed since publication of manuals. STM Table 6.1 WBM Tables 5.3, 5.5	STM 311 WBM 256, 265	Penicillin SENSITIVE <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All of the NT outside of Darwin • The Kimberley, Goldfields, Midwest and Pilbara regions of WA Penicillin RESISTANT <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Darwin • All other areas except those mentioned above 	Updated geographical areas: Penicillin SENSITIVE <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Kimberley, Goldfields, Midwest and Pilbara regions of WA Penicillin RESISTANT <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All of the NT • All other areas except those mentioned above

Please note:

- These updates address the increased cases of penicillin-resistant gonorrhoea in the NT. Please see the NT Centre for Disease Control notification for more information:
https://health.nt.gov.au/_data/assets/pdf_file/0008/1356146/health-alert-ppng-240311.pdf
- Please see RPHCM website to print out an updated 'Geographical treatment areas for gonorrhoea' table